

Abstract

Nowadays development of internet and its public using in recent years influences the Physical, structure, economic, social and city's culture dimensions and also the complexity of the town show the importance and necessity of the use of cyberspace (the Internet) in the process of Planning an Urban Management Program due to the diversity of topics and its access, Cyberspace (the Internet) has had a variety of impacts on the global scale. In the electronic and virtual development process of city, attention to the identity and sense of place and also avoiding of placelessness feeling in the urban planning is essential. Thus, the influences of technology in the social interaction and sense of place of man, is indicated as the most important problem and aim of this research, which in this research the situation of sense of place and its relationship with the amount of Internet use, in the Regions of 1, 6 and 9 – Mashhad are reviewed and evaluated in the base of social status (education level, family size,...), economic (income, employment and housing conditions). Research methods were descriptive- analytical which is in the base of document and library studdings and field observations. This data and information's of those situations, were obtained by using interviews and questionnaires and field observations. In addition data analysis has been done by statistical software. For evaluation and ranking areas in the case of understanding cyberspace dating services, APEC and CPSS models were used. Studies show that the increasingly use of internet have influences on the social consequences, like: neighborhood traffic, correlation between neighbors, lack of social links between neighborhoods, social isolation and reduce of the people public meetings, such as parks and streets, poor social belonging, reduce walking and and finally decrease the sense of place .Uing models (APEC and CPSS) for underestanding the cyberspace and e-neighborhood literacy of the studied airea indicat that: Region 6, Amirabad neighborhood with the mean of (1/616), Koye karmandan with the mean of (1/896) have an undesirable extent, in the region 1 Ab KooH neighborhood with the mean of (2/126) is a little desirable and Sajad Boolvar neighborhood (2/554) and in the region 9 Hashemieh neighborhood (2/278) and Reza Shahr with mean of (2/273) hav a desirable situation.

Key words: Cyberspaces, Belonging Sense of place, Mashhad Mertropolis.



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Impact of Cyberspaces in the Belonging Sense of Place Mashhad Metropolis

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