

Abstract:

Today, Sustainable development is not the only protection of the environment and natural resources, but rather a new conception of development and economic growth; growth that without destroying natural resources and disrupting environmental balance, justice and living conditions for all people, including Provides a nomadic village, village. The aim of this study was to investigate the effect of ecotourism on the indices of sustainable development of tribal areas in the Delfard area of Jiroft. To this end, the ecotourism effects on economic, ecological and social criteria were examined. The questionnaire was used to measure and measure five villages in the area of Dalfard. According to the goals and hypotheses, 192 questionnaires were completed by nomads and 26 questionnaires were completed by tourists. The statistics and information required by field survey method (completed questionnaire) were classified into random sampling and were collected by direct interview with nomadic tourists. In this research, Mann-Whitney, Friedman and multiple regression tests have been used. The results of the Mann-Whitney test showed that the two groups studied (users and tourists) had a significant difference in the effects of ecotourism on economic, natural and ecological and social capital. Also, the results of this study showed that all three independent variables (financial, economic, ecological and social) had a 99% confidence level in predicting the dependent variable (sustainable development index). Regarding the importance and role of independent variables in predicting the dependent variable, the standard regression coefficients (Beta) were used. According to the results, it can be judged that the variable of social factors has a greater share than other variables in predicting the dependent variable (total sustainability index). Because, according to the estimation of the standard regression coefficient with a unit of increase in social capital indicators, the probability of increasing the total sustainability of the operators will be 50.8 units.

Keywords: Sustainable Development Indices, Nomads, Tourists, Questionnaires



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